

GERMPLASM COLLECTION, SEED PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND FIELD SEEDLING ESTABLISHMENT OF CASTOR (*RICINUS COMMUNIS* L.) IN NIGERIA

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ABSTRACT

Castor oil plant (*Ricinus communis* L.) is one of the most versatile oil crops with high socio-economic values around the world. The crop has been demonstrating its economic potential by earning notable foreign exchange credits to many countries. However, following the incorporation of castor into national research mandate in Nigeria, lack of adequate germplasm and active castor breeding programs that can generate improved varieties have been identified as some of the limitations to commercialization of castor in the country. Based on this background, local and exotic castor germplasm were collected, characterized based on seed physical properties and evaluated for field seedling establishment at three locations. The collections revealed high divergence in seed colour, seed shape, seed mark, seed caruncle and seed sizes. Variability observed in 100 seed-weights among the accessions ranged from 8.51g to 63g with average of 26.48g. High significant variability in seedling establishment was observed among the accessions. The highest establishments (87 - 89%) were recorded in Acc.002 and Acc.062 across the locations and the least (10 - 17%) was recorded in Acc.104. Significant genotypic effect and no significant effect of genotype / location were recorded. High broad sense heritability of 88 and 22.51 per cent genetic gain show good expected gain from selection programs. The germplasm reported here represent some available genetic resources for castor research. This is to enhance the uses of castor genetic resources for integrated research among scientists.

Keyword: Castor, Germplasm, Nigeria, Establishment, Characteristics

INTRODUCTION

Castor (*Ricinus communis* L., $2n = 20$) is an oil crop with high economic values (Anyani, 2012). Castor production contributes millions of dollars to India, China and Brazil economy (Salihu et al., 2014). Castor oil is critical to many unique ability to withstand high and low temperatures, and to form many valuable derivatives (Mutlu and Meier, 2010; Ogunniyi, 2006). The rapid increase in demand of castor seed/oil in local and

international markets (Mutlu and Meier 2010; Ogunniyi, 2006) has aroused the interest of Nigerian farmers to cultivate the crop. Unfortunately, castor is presently receiving little or no active research attention in Nigeria, resulting to lack of improved production technologies for farmers. This has necessitated integrated castor research efforts among Nigerian scientists. Some of the factors that limit castor research in Nigeria include lack of adequate genetic resources and lack of information on the gene banks (Salihu et al.

al., 2014). Therefore, the aim of this research is to depict some of available castor genetic resources in Nigeria and provide some basic information to enhance castor genetic improvement programs in Nigeria.

METHODOLOGY

Germplasm Collection

Local collection: Castor germplasm collection was carried in some states of Nigeria between 2012 and 2014. The exploration covered Kogi, Osun, Oyo and Kwara States, and also collections from some institutions within the country. Contact and arrangement were made to the ADP headquarter in the selected states and the tour was scheduled in coincides with the harvesting period of castor in the states. During the exploration, a total of 27 castor producing villages across the states were visited and a total of 54 accessions were collected from 34 different respondents. Collection questionnaires were administered, covering passport data, farming system, production and market constraints. The exploration also included identification of other castor stakeholders ranging from local castor seed marketers, industrialists, processors, machine fabricators to policy makers (Not reported here).

Exotic Collection: For the exotic collection, a letters of request was sent to Plant Genetic Resources Conservation Unit, Agricultural Research Services (ARS), United State Department of Agriculture (USDA) and a total of 50 collections were received.

Seed Physical Characteristics

In 2014, the seeds of all the collections were multiplied and 100 seeds weights were taken from three replicate samples per accession. The seeds were characterized based on the seed shape, seed colour, mottle, caruncle, seed size and

seed weight using INDIA Castor Descriptors (2004). The seed colour was determined using Graf Colour Chart (2012).

Seedling Establishment

Ninety-nine (99) castor accessions including 51 local and 48 exotic collections were evaluated on experimental field at three different locations; NCRI Mokwa (Lat. 9° 12'N, Long. 5° 20'E), NCRI, Badeggi (Lat. 9°45'N, long. 6°07'E) and Mina (Lat. 9°36'50"N, Long. 6° 33'25"E). The treatments were laid out on Alpha Lattice Design with 3 replications. Each plot size was 3m' X 1.5m in dimension with inter-row and intra-row of 75cm. Thirty (30) intact seeds, pre-treated for seed-borne diseases, were planted at two seeds per hole in each of the replicate plots, resulting to 90 seeds planted per location and total of 270 seeds across the locations. The planting was done in Mid-June 2015, when rainfall has completely stabilized at the locations. Insecticide (Cypermethrin) was applied at 5, 15, 25 and 35 days after planting to prevent seedling lost due to insects' attack. Seedlings' establishment was taken (at 40 days after planting) as the number of plant stands expressed in percentage. Descriptive statistics was used to summarize the date. Combined Analysis of Variance was performed across the locations. Genotypic effect and GxE effect were tested using -2 log-likelihood ratio test procedure of PBtools 1.3. Broad Sense Heritability was estimated according to Ekechi *et al.* (1977), Genetic advance (at 10% selection differential) as described by Johanson *et al.* (1955) and Genetic gain (%) as genetic advance (GA) expressed in percentage of the population mean.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Germplasm Collections and Seed Physical Properties of Castor Accessions at NCRI, Badegegi

Table 1 & 2 present collections and seed physical characteristics of exotic and local castor accessions. The exotic collection represents diverse castor accessions, cutting across four continents including Africa, Asia, America and Europe. The local represents collections from eight states in Nigeria; Benue, Kaduna, Kogi, Kwara, Oyo, Osun, Niger and Yobe States. The exploration reveals very high castor production activities in Kogi and Oyo among all the states. The accessions revealed high divergence in seed colour, seed shape, seed mottle, seed caruncle and seed sizes (Table 1 & 2). Exotic collections comprise of 17 large seeded (diameter > 15mm), 23 medium (diameter, 9mm - 15mm) and 13 small seeded (diameter < 9mm) castor types. The locals include 17 large seeded, 8 medium and 23 small seeded types. The castor germplasm reported here represents some available genetic resources for research in castor. The use of genetic resources could only be effective if there is free access to information on the gene banks (Anjani, 2011). This would enhance research on castor genetic improvement among scientists. Against 104 accessions reported here, Severino *et al.* (2012) reported a total of 11,300 castor accessions contained in major castor repositories located in 10 countries.

Variability (CV = 46.62%) observed in 100 seed-weight among the accessions ranged from 8.51g to 65g with average 26.48 (Table 3). The result obtained is in conformity with result of 1033 accessions reported by Wang *et al.* (2010). Seed weight is one of most important yield components which show strong positive correlation with seed and seed-oil yield in castor (Wang *et al.*, 2010). Seed

weight and seed health serve as important factors, coordinately controlled by the growth of maternal and zygotic tissues influenced by several signaling pathways. Understanding the mechanism of these pathways can be of great breakthrough in improvement of castor. Basic research and proper practical applications are very important in this respect. The divergence in seed weight exist in the germplasm provide good source of variability upon which selection can be made for improved genotypes.

Field Seedling Establishment

High significant variability in seedling establishment was observed among the accessions (Table 5). The highest establishments (87 - 89 %) were recorded in Acc. 002 and Acc. 062 across the locations and the least (10 - 17 %) was recorded in Acc. 104 (Table 6). The pattern of the observations, displayed with boxplot (Figure 1), revealed two outliers at smallest end. The spread between the smallest and largest non-outliers fell between 20 and 100 per cents. The middle half of the data fell between 60 and 90 establishments. The data were skewed left, revealing the concentration of the data towards high values and thus large number of the accessions had relatively good field seedling establishments.

Analysis of variance revealed no effects of blocks and location, and genotype variation has the highest value among the sources of variation (Table 4). Significant genotypic effect and no significant effect of genotype X location were recorded (Table 5). High broad sense heritability of 88 and 22.51 per cent genetic gain show good expected gain from various kinds of selection programs.

Inherent problem of castor field seedling establishment caused by poor seed germination is an issue that deserves attention from scientists. Machado *et al.*

(2010) reported seed internal morphology and apparent level of reserved food as two important factors for fast germination and seedling establishment. Seed dormancy of 9.3% at just after harvest and 5.5% 12 months after-ripening were reported (Machado et al., 2010). Moshkin (1986) reported low soil temperatures as one of factors for poor germination and seedling establishment in castor.

CONCLUSION

Collection of adequate castor germplasm is an integral part of any effective breeding program. The genetic resource reported here are some available castor germplasm which can be of benefit to geneticists, breeders and other scientist who are interested in castor research. The diversity in seed weight and seedling establishment observed in the germplasm provides good sources of variability upon which selection can be made to generate improved genotypes. Although the results reported here may justify the aim of the research, however there is need for proactive research in seed technology and genetic improvement to enhance the seedling establishment of the present castor cultivars among Nigerian farmers.

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*Genoplasm Collection, Seed Physical Characteristics and Field Seedling Establishment of Castor (*Ricinus communis* L.) In Nigeria*

Table 1: Exotic Collections of castor at NCRI Badeggi, Nigeria

Source/Place Of Collection	Seed Shape	Seed Colour	Seed Motte	Caruncle	Seed Size	
NCRICAS/ACC.001	Brazil/IAR	Square	Maroon	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous	Large
NCRICAS/ACC.002	Brazil/IAR	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Conspicuous	Small
NCRICAS/ACC.003	Brazil/IAR	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Small
NCRICAS/ACC.052	Turkey	Oval	Brown	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.053	Turkey	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.054	Turkey	Elongated	B. Red	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Large
NCRICAS/ACC.055	Turkey	Oval	B. Red	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.056	Turkey	Oval	B. Red	Conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.057	India	Oval	Brown	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.058	Turkey	Elongated	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Conspicuous	Small
NCRICAS/ACC.059	Turkey	Oval	B. Red	Conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Large
NCRICAS/ACC.060	India	Elongated	B. Red	Conspicuous	Conspicuous	Small
NCRICAS/ACC.061	Brazil	Elongated	B. Red	Conspicuous	Conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.062	India	Elongated	B. Red	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.063	India	Elongated	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Conspicuous	Large
NCRICAS/ACC.064	India	Oval	B. Red	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Small
NCRICAS/ACC.065	India	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.066	India	Elongated	B. Red	Conspicuous	Conspicuous	Large
NCRICAS/ACC.067	Algeria	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.068	Cuba	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Small
NCRICAS/ACC.069	Cuba	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Small
NCRICAS/ACC.070	Puerto	Elongated	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Small
NCRICAS/ACC.071	U.S	Oval	Brown	Conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.072	Panama	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.073	Cuba	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.074	Afghanistan	Elongated	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.075	Argentina	Elongated	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Conspicuous	Small
NCRICAS/ACC.076	Iran	Elongated	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.077	Iran	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Small
NCRICAS/ACC.078	Uruguay	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Small
NCRICAS/ACC.079	Uruguay	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Conspicuous	Small
NCRICAS/ACC.080	Brazil	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.081	India	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.082	India	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Conspicuous	Large
NCRICAS/ACC.083	India	Elongated	B. Red	Conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Large
NCRICAS/ACC.084	India	Oval	B. Red	Conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.085	Iran	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Large
NCRICAS/ACC.086	Morocco	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Conspicuous	Large
NCRICAS/ACC.087	India	Elongated	B. Red	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.088	S. Africa	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Large
NCRICAS/ACC.089	S. Africa	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Large
NCRICAS/ACC.090	S. Africa	Elongated	B. Red	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous	Large
NCRICAS/ACC.091	S. Africa	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Large
NCRICAS/ACC.092	S. Africa	Oval	B. Red	Conspicuous	Conspicuous	Large
NCRICAS/ACC.093	S. Africa	Oval	B. Red	Conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Large
NCRICAS/ACC.094	Russia	Oval	Brown	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.095	U.S	Oval	Brown	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Large
NCRICAS/ACC.096	U.S	Oval	B. Red	Conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.097	Colombia	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.098	Ecuador	Elongated	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.099	U.S.	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.100	U.S.	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium
NCRICAS/ACC.101	U. S.	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous	Medium

Table 2: Local collections of castor at NCRI Badeggi, Nigeria

	Place of Collection	Seed Shape	Seed Colour	Seed Motif	Carcass
NCRICAS/ACC.004	Benue	Oval	Brown	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.005	Yobe	Oval	Brown	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.006	UAM/Benue	Oval	Brown	Less conspicuous	Less conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.007	IAR/Kaduna	Elongated	Brown	Conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.008	IAR/Kaduna	Elongated	Maroon	Conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.009	IAR/Kaduna	Square	White	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.010	Kai/Benue	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.011	Kai/Benue	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.012	Ankpa/Kogi	Square	Brown	Conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.013	Ankpa/Kogi	Square	White	Conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.014	Dekina/Kogi	Square	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.015	Dekina/Kogi	Square	White	Conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.016	Dekina/Kogi	Elongated	Brown	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.017	Dekina/Kogi	Elongated	Brown	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.018	Dekina/Kogi	Elongated	White	Conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.019	Dekina/Kogi	Square	Maroon	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.020	Kabba/Kogi	Oval	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.021	Kabba/Kogi	Oval	Brown	Conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.022	Oflu/Kogi	Elongated	Maroon	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.023	Oflu/Kogi	Oval	Brown	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.024	Lokoja/Kwara	Oval	Maroon	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.026	Ilorin/Kwara	Elongated	Brown	Conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.027	Ilorin/Kwara	Elongated	White	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.028	Ase/Kwara	Square	Brown	Conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.029	Ilorin/Kwara	Square	White	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.030	Songo/Kwara	Square	Brown	Conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.031	Ase/Kwara	Square	Dark Chocolate	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.032	Bida/Niger	Oval	Brown	Conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.033	Badeggi/Niger	Elongated	Brown	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.034	Badeggi/Niger	Oval	B. Red	Conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.035	Bida/Niger	Oval	Dark-chocolate	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.036	Badeggi/Niger	Oval	Brown	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.037	Bida/Niger	Square	White	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.038	Ikoyi/Oyo	Oval	Brown	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.039	Ikoyi/Oyo	Square	White	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.040	Ogbomosho	Square	White	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.041	Alajia/Oyo	Oval	B. Red	Conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.042	Alajia/Oyo	Oval	Black	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.043	Alajia/Oyo	Square	White	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.044	Ogbomosho	Square	White	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.045	Ogbomosho	Square	White	Conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.046	Ifelodun/Kwara	Oval	Brown	Conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.047	Ede/Osun	Square	Black	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.048	Osogbo/Osun	Square	White	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.049	Mansifa/Oyo	Square	White	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.050	Joro/Kwara	Square	White	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.051	Asa/Kwara	Oval	Brown	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.102	Ilorin/Kwara	Oval	Brown	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.103	Bida	Oval	Brown	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous
NCRICAS/ACC.104	Bida	Oval	Brown	Less conspicuous	Conspicuous

Johnson Collection, Seed Physical Characteristics and Field Seedling Establishment of Castor (*Ricinus communis* L.) in Nigeria

Table 8 Descriptive statistics of 100 seed weight (g) among castor accessions

Treatment	Mm	Max	Mean	S.E. Mean
Accession 001	11.20	13.31	11.93	0.19
Acc 002	13.00	15.35	14.22	0.11
Acc 003	8.00	12.98	10.88	0.44
Acc 004	12.62	16.53	14.12	0.21
Acc 005	14.89	11.89	11.36	0.13
Acc 006	13.00	17.74	12.43	0.22
Acc 007	16.00	20.75	19.13	0.07
Acc 008	11.00	11.57	11.37	0.19
Acc 009	11.00	13.20	12.14	0.22
Acc 010	14.82	14.50	14.31	0.10
Acc 011	14.00	14.50	14.32	0.15
Acc 012	13.00	14.80	14.32	0.18
Acc 013	6.00	9.00	6.99	0.01
Acc 014	18.00	28.75	28.08	0.23
Acc 015	14.00	14.83	14.32	0.17
Acc 016	14.00	16.21	14.39	0.41
Acc 017	13.00	15.67	14.36	0.06
Acc 018	12.42	15.67	14.36	0.06
Acc 019	10.00	21.25	20.83	0.38
Acc 020	8.00	9.29	8.80	0.40
Acc 021	10.00	30.01	29.98	0.36
Acc 022	10.30	11.13	10.91	0.21
Acc 023	10.10	19.13	18.78	0.33
Acc 024	14.87	19.00	18.74	0.13
Acc 025	18.67	19.82	19.74	0.11
Acc 026	17.10	58.28	57.79	0.36
Acc 027	19.12	20.00	19.84	0.38
Acc 028	10.00	41.12	40.74	0.37
Acc 029	10.00	49.00	48.92	0.05
Acc 030	14.00	14.53	14.30	0.16
Acc 031	12.00	12.86	12.46	0.23
Acc 032	10.00	26.91	15.97	3.48
Acc 033	45.00	46.10	45.91	0.10
Acc 034	12.53	13.14	12.82	0.18
Acc 035	9.10	9.92	9.38	0.27
Acc 036	12.20	12.31	12.16	0.09
Acc 037	52.10	53.00	52.49	0.26
Acc 038	9.00	10.29	9.61	0.37
Acc 039	21.92	22.82	22.28	0.27
Acc 040	29.00	29.34	29.19	0.10
Acc 041	35.91	36.13	36.03	0.06
Acc 042	22.76	23.31	23.01	0.16
Acc 043	24.85	26.53	25.57	0.50
Acc 044	22.36	22.76	22.66	0.06
Acc 045	16.86	17.15	16.96	0.10
Acc 046	43.69	44.89	44.39	0.36
Acc 047	10.81	10.94	10.88	0.06
Acc 048	30.61	31.24	30.84	0.20
Acc 049	17.12	17.31	17.23	0.06
Acc 050	26.00	26.51	26.23	0.15
Acc 051	21.59	26.90	23.64	1.69
Acc 052	30.91	31.35	31.19	0.14
Acc 053	30.63	31.00	29.89	0.06
Acc 054	26.03	26.98	26.62	0.30
Acc 055	32.95	32.98	32.96	0.01
Acc 056	33.93	24.84	24.32	0.27
Acc 057	15.64	16.35	15.84	0.20
Acc 058	25.98	26.47	26.18	0.16
Acc 059	18.53	18.59	18.57	0.02
Acc 060	17.55	17.92	17.73	0.11
Acc 061	19.12	19.81	19.55	0.22
Acc 062	23.17	24.04	23.49	0.27
Acc 063	18.89	29.10	25.68	3.40
Acc 064	27.96	28.86	28.54	0.29
Acc 065	18.98	19.54	19.25	0.16
Acc 066	19.40	20.11	19.68	0.22
Acc 067	20.21	20.38	20.27	0.06
Acc 068	18.67	18.86	18.76	0.05
Acc 069	12.01	12.31	12.14	0.09
Acc 070	26.42	26.57	26.47	0.05
Acc 071	24.58	24.98	24.72	0.13
Acc 072	29.45	29.67	29.56	0.06
Acc 073	33.08	33.38	33.26	0.09
Acc 074	30.12	30.73	30.34	0.20
Acc 075	21.69	21.96	21.86	0.08
Acc 076	30.96	32.12	31.62	0.35
Acc 077	38.92	39.42	39.21	0.15
Acc 078	29.79	29.79	29.79	0.00
Acc 079	30.56	31.13	30.75	0.19
Acc 080	64.10	65.00	64.67	0.29
Acc 081	18.82	32.89	27.94	4.56
Acc 082	33.27	38.19	35.09	1.56
Acc 083	30.18	30.40	30.33	0.07
Acc 084	30.17	32.10	30.94	0.59
Acc 085	35.10	35.69	35.34	0.18
Acc 086	26.80	26.98	26.94	0.04
Acc 087	31.16	32.48	31.87	0.41
Acc 088	19.40	27.84	24.99	2.79
Acc 089	31.07	32.10	31.42	0.34
Acc 090	28.55	29.37	29.08	0.27
Acc 091	17.00	17.18	17.00	0.09
Acc 092	28.21	28.21	28.04	0.08
Acc 093	27.95	28.93	28.57	0.18
Acc 094	20.39	20.31	20.36	0.09
Acc 095	8.20	8.51	8.36	0.21
Acc 096	48.99	49.61	49.40	0.28
Acc 097	32.10	33.00	32.43	0.04
Acc 098	31.68	31.81	31.72	0.03
Acc 099	12.41	12.51	12.47	0.08
Acc 0100	9.93	10.20	10.04	0.08
Acc 0101	9.59	9.73	9.64	0.05
Acc 0102	13.97	14.44	14.24	0.14
Acc 0103	32.00	33.20	32.47	0.37
Acc 0104	52.86	52.99	52.94	0.04
Overall Mean 26.48				
SE. Mean 0.73				
CV (%) 46.62				

Table 4: Combined analysis of variances for seedling establishment of celeri at three locations

Sources of Variation	Variance	D.F.	F-value	t-value
Genotype X Location	10.000	12	1.258	1.258
Genotype	158.162	11	13.594	13.594
Rep X Block X Location	4.010	11	24.857	8.000
Rep X Location	0.000	10	0.000	0.000
Location	0.000	2	0.000	0.000
Residual	62.000	10		

Table 5: Genotypic and genotype x location effects on seedling establishment of celeri at three locations

Genotypic Effect	Genotype X Location Effect		
	GC	SC	Minna
Rep X Block	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
Rep X Location	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000

Table 6: Means range values of seedling establishment of 48 celeri accessions at Badeggi, Mokwa and Minna

Treatment	Badeggi	Mokwa	Minna	52 Acc.008	67.53%	68.57%	60.11%
1 Acc.001	77.515	77.000	77.7201	53 Acc.054	75.042	75.700	76.878
2 Acc.002	86.779	86.622	86.245	54 Acc.060	78.508	78.622	70.318
3 Acc.003	80.270	81.643	81.528	55 Acc.061	85.838	88.702	84.731
4 Acc.004	86.512	87.167	86.512	56 Acc.062	87.307	88.221	87.761
5 Acc.005	72.453	72.091	71.612	57 Acc.063	71.272	71.370	70.522
6 Acc.006	89.736	89.954	89.531	58 Acc.064	87.307	87.892	88.334
7 Acc.007	74.921	74.644	73.918	59 Acc.065	89.811	70.208	68.662
8 Acc.008	73.254	73.251	72.557	60 Acc.066	77.674	58.104	58.106
9 Acc.009	77.873	79.949	78.498	61 Acc.067	71.850	72.535	71.554
10 Acc.010	74.106	74.629	74.545	62 Acc.068	83.178	83.021	81.800
11 Acc.012	65.971	67.342	66.727	63 Acc.069	69.376	67.032	66.762
12 Acc.015	62.383	62.126	62.057	64 Acc.070	82.958	83.298	83.046
13 Acc.016	85.316	87.566	86.707	65 Acc.071	73.584	73.282	73.123
14 Acc.017	39.456	38.224	38.136	66 Acc.072	75.581	75.695	75.361
15 Acc.018	84.650	84.764	83.919	67 Acc.073	75.095	75.117	75.520
16 Acc.019	80.911	81.471	80.991	68 Acc.074	73.706	71.952	71.408
17 Acc.020	25.569	30.596	29.168	69 Acc.075	81.842	82.382	82.493
18 Acc.021	17.147	21.589	19.430	70 Acc.076	81.548	82.265	81.011
19 Acc.022	57.323	55.544	57.173	71 Acc.077	61.816	61.774	62.573
20 Acc.023	26.916	31.471	32.144	72 Acc.078	75.581	75.065	75.120
21 Acc.024	81.707	82.632	82.128	73 Acc.079	84.514	84.058	84.741
22 Acc.026	83.449	82.887	82.468	74 Acc.080	77.188	76.896	76.016
23 Acc.027	80.251	79.950	79.790	75 Acc.081	80.321	79.050	79.520
24 Acc.028	81.046	81.025	81.261	76 Acc.082	45.446	45.010	46.202
25 Acc.029	85.716	85.645	85.254	77 Acc.083	81.043	81.292	81.068
26 Acc.030	28.288	35.658	26.035	78 Acc.084	73.904	73.952	73.781
27 Acc.031	30.892	38.091	32.687	79 Acc.085	66.782	66.896	66.722
28 Acc.032	82.524	82.250	82.133	80 Acc.086	76.782	76.761	76.457
29 Acc.033	26.217	26.467	25.972	81 Acc.087	84.130	83.207	83.857
30 Acc.034	69.033	70.500	70.467	82 Acc.088	70.980	80.038	70.384
31 Acc.035	53.839	54.900	54.595	83 Acc.089	85.581	85.560	85.526
S/N Treatment		Badeggi	Mokwa	Minna	84	85	83
32 Acc.036	81.587	81.296	80.450	84 Acc.090	54.524	54.705	55.423
33 Acc.037	65.987	65.154	65.526	85 Acc.091	76.512	77.167	76.322
34 Acc.038	62.112	62.632	61.922	86 Acc.092	77.385	77.926	77.487
35 Acc.039	74.587	74.863	74.532	87 Acc.093	71.587	71.431	70.315
36 Acc.040	67.307	67.827	68.199	88 Acc.094	73.746	72.305	73.400
37 Acc.041	37.702	38.221	36.952	89 Acc.095	81.920	82.180	82.817
38 Acc.042	39.439	40.094	40.466	90 Acc.096	81.046	81.025	81.262
39 Acc.043	39.455	38.487	38.724	91 Acc.097	86.190	85.976	86.406
40 Acc.044	69.726	68.622	68.318	92 Acc.098	59.726	59.164	57.777
41 Acc.045	48.525	47.692	47.137	93 Acc.099	82.248	81.956	82.463
42 Acc.046	59.757	59.600	59.521	94 Acc.100	62.924	61.821	61.922
43 Acc.047	72.367	72.649	72.447	95 Acc.101	62.175	61.883	61.958
44 Acc.048	80.596	81.228	80.947	96 Acc.102	55.581	56.236	54.850
45 Acc.050	57.984	58.368	56.982	97 Acc.103	65.851	65.289	65.526
46 Acc.052	66.647	66.355	66.998	98 Acc.104	15.087	17.028	10.910
47 Acc.053	80.074	78.627	79.671				
48 Acc.054	77.578	77.962	77.793				
49 Acc.055	72.637	73.292	74.070				
50 Acc.056	81.317	80.619	81.397				
51 Acc.057	80.438	80.590	81.368				
OVERALL MEAN:		71.071					
S.E. OF DIFFERENCE		10.489					
HERITABILITY (%)		88.000					
GENETIC ADVANCE:							
GENETIC GAIN (%)		16.270					
		22.513					

Genotype Collection, Seed Physical Characteristics and Field Seedling Establishment of Castor (*Ricinus communis* L.) In Nigeria

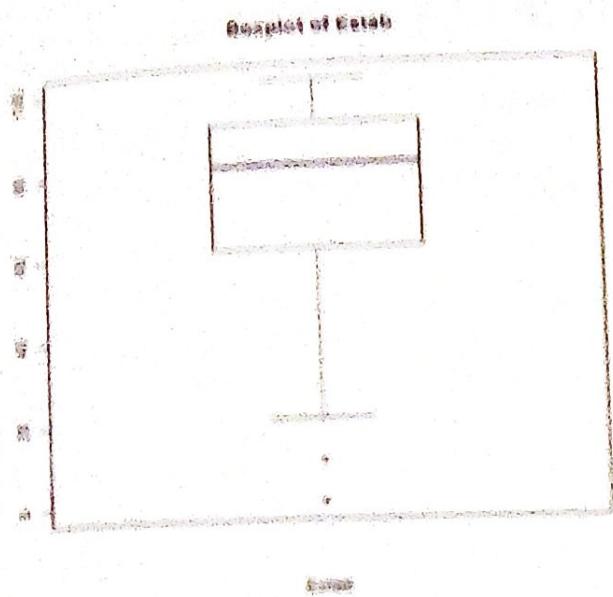


Figure 1: Boxplot of Seedling Establishment among Castor Accessions at three locations