EDT 322 2016/2017 Second Semester

## MARKING SCHEME ON EDT 322 SECOND SEMESTER.

Q1 First define learning and discuss any other 5 types of learning.

Learning is the act of acquiring new or modifying and reinforcing existing knowledge, behavior, skills, values or preferences.

There are different types of learning, it include:

- 1. Non associative learning: This type of learning refer to a relatively permanent change in the strength of response to a single stimulus due to repeated exposure to that stimulus.
- 2. Associative Learning: This is a process by which someone learns an association between two stimulus or a behavior and a stimulus. These two forms of associative learning are classical and operant conditioning.
- 3. Operant Conditioning: Is the use of consequences to modify the occurrence and form of behavior.
- 4. Classical Conditioning: Involves repeatedly pairing an unconditioned stimulus which unfairly evokes a reflexive response with another previously natural stimulus that does evoke the response
- 5. Play Learning: Describes behavior with no particular and in itself but improves performance in similar future.
- 6. Enculturation: Is the process by which people learn values and behaviour that are appropriate or necessary in their surrounding culture.
- 7. Episodic Learning: Is a change in behaviour that occurs as a result of an event.
- 8. Multimedia Learning
- 9. E-learning
- 10. Rote Learning
- 11. Meaningful learning
- 12. Informal learning
- 13. Formal learning
- 14. Non-formal learning
- 15. Tangential learning
- 16. Transfer learning
- 17. Incidental learning
- 18. Dialogic learning

