

DEPARTMENT OF SURVEYING AND GEOINFORMATICS

SCHOOL OF ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY

FEDERAL UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, MINNA.

SEMESTER: 2nd Semester Examination 2018/2019 Session.

COURSE TITLE: Photogrammetry II

COURSE CODE: SVG 222

TIME: 2 Hours

INSTRUCTION: Answer Any Four (4) Questions

1a) Using a simple experiment, derive the formula for focal height of a camera lens.

1b) In a bid to determine the focal height of a camera, the horizontal angle between two points A and B was determined as $28^{\circ} 27' 26''$. If the camera was then exposed from the same point at which the angular measurement was done and the photo coordinate of A and B was found as; $x_a = 30$ mm, $x_b = 35$ mm, $y_a = 10$ mm, $y_b = 18$ mm. determine the focal height of the camera.

- 2a) What is Stereoscopy in Photogrammetry?
- 2b) List and explain types of Stereoscope.
- 2c) What are the problems involved when viewing a stereo?

3a) What is Rotation of Axes?

- ^{*} 3b) With diagram, illustrate the geometry of a Vertical Photograph.
 - 3c) Define the Scale of a vertical Photograph under; (i) Flat terrain (ii) Variable terrain.

4a) Write explanatory note on the following;

i) Trimetrogen Photograph (ii) Vertical Photograph (iii) Convergent Photograph4b) a) With appropriate diagrams, derive the Collinearity equation.

5a) With appropriate diagrams, derive the Rotation equation.

5b) Write short note on following; (i) Monocular depth perception (ii) Binocular vision.

5c) What is parallax in aerial stereoscopic views?

6a) Give a brief account of stereoplotters from it invention till date.

6b) Derive the equation for height of relief displacement.

6c) What is average scale of a vertical photograph?