## FEDERAL UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, MINNA SCHOOL OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY

## FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF Brech GEOLOGY 2017/2018 SESSION

**COURSE CODE: GEL 518** 

UNIT: 2

**COURSE TITLE: SUBSURFACE GEOLOGICAL METHODS** 

INSTRUCTIONS: ANSWER THREE QUESTIONS IN ALL. AT LEAST ONE

QUESTION MUST BE ANSWERED FROM EACH SECTION

**TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS** 

DATE:

## SECTION A

- 1. (a) (i) Define subsurface geology
  - (ii) List any three of its applications
- (b) Explain the following concepts
  - (i) Well logging
  - (ii) Formation evaluation
- (c) Name (i) two lithology logs
- (ii) two porosity logs
- 2. (a) Explain the concept of sedimentary facies
- (b) Answer the following questions using Figure 1, provided
- (i) Do a lithologic interpretation of the interval between 4700 ft and 48500 ft
- (ii) Using depth, state the positions of any two sharp contacts
- (iii) Identify any two intervals with upward coarsening facies
- (c) List any three sources of subsurface geological data
- 3. Answer this question using Figure 2 provided
  - (a) Identify the following portions of the hydrocarbon reservoir sand:
    - (i) Gas interval
    - (ii) Oil interval
    - (iii) Oil-water contact
  - (b) (i) Estimate the resistivity values of the sand where it is 100 % filled with water (R<sub>0</sub>)
    - (ii) Estimate the resistivity values of the sand where it is hydrocarbon bearing (Rt)
    - (iii) Estimate the water saturation of the sand using Sw = Root of  $R_0/R_t$
    - (iv) Determine hydrocarbon saturation (Sh) using Sh = 1-Sw

## SECTION B

- 4. With well labelled illustrative diagrams, describe how bottom hole conventional cores are obtained from the subsurface
- b) Briefly explain geological information obtainable from core
- 5. Using illustrative diagrams, explain the geometric relationships commonly displayed by seismic reflections considering both the substratum and the upper sequences