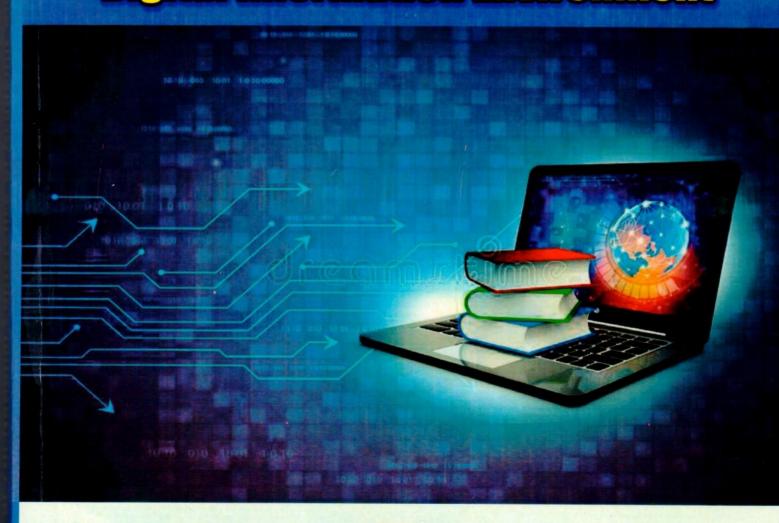




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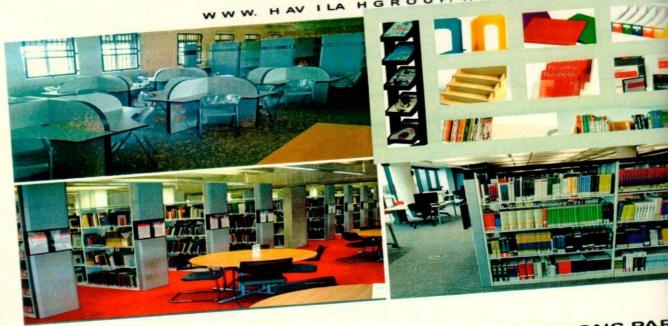
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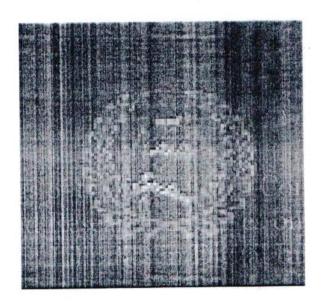
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Proceedings of the 7th National Conference of Academic and Research Libraries on Academic and Research Libraries in Digital Information Environment



Venue Nnamdi Azikiwe Library, University of Nigeria, Nsukka

Date September 27 to October 1, 2021

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Conference Proceedings of the 7th National Conference of Academic and Research Libraries (2021)

Edited by Dr. Ifeanyi J. Ezema

ISSN: 978-978-960-774-1

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PREFACE

The present information environment propelled by the new technologies is rapidly transforming information creation, management and dissemination. The global community depends greatly on the libraries in bibliometric and webometric control of the large amount of information in the global space. Internationally, the abilities of the libraries to cope with these tasks coupled with the COVID-19 global pandemic present serious difficulties and even more complex to developing countries such as ours with poor funding of libraries, increasing inflation, which affects the cost of library resources and weak social infrastructure across the country. The academic and research libraries are at the centre of these challenges and consequently repositioning themselves for efficient information service delivery. The aim of this year's conference is to bring professional librarians together to engage in intellectual debates and discussions for articulation of possible solutions to the challenges.

It is based on this development that the theme of the 7th conference of Academic and Research Libraries – the largest section of Nigeria Library Association focuses on **Academic and Research Libraries in Digital Information Environment.** The choice of the theme is based on the current trends for management of libraries for effective information service delivery in the global environment coupled with the indispensable roles of the new technologies in the COVID-19 pandemic. The new health challenge requires that academic and research libraries must device new approaches in library services considering the large number of users in such libraries. The keynote speaker for the conference is an experienced and erudite librarian, scholar and University administrator, Prof. Obiora Nwosu. He was the immediate former University Librarian, Nnamdi Azikiwe University, Awka and the current Vice Chancellor, Paul University Awka.

The conference attracted more than 35 quality papers from all over the country and many of the papers focus on the challenges of COVID-19 global pandemic in academic and research libraries, funding issues in libraries and application of new technologies in management of academic and research libraries. Other areas of focus are open access and open science, accreditation issues in academic and research libraries, adoption and management of institutional repositories. This is really an intellectual harvest packaged for students of all levels, librarians and heads of libraries including lecturers in the departments of library and information science not only in Africa, but all over the world.

Dr. Ifeanyi J. Ezema General Editor and Chairman Academic and Research Libraries KEYNOTE ADDRESS ON THE THEME ACADEMIC AND RESEARCH LIBRARIES IN DIGITAL INFORMATION ENVIRONMENT PRESENTED AT THE NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF THE ACADEMIC AND RESEARCH LIBRARIES SECTION (ARLS) OF THE NIGERIAN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION (NLA) AT THE UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA, NSUKKA, SEPTEMBER 28 – 30, 2021

BY

VEN. PROF. OBIORA CYRIL NWOSU - CLN

ACTING VICE-CHANCELLOR, PAUL UNIVERSITY, AWKA AND IMMEDIATE PAST UNIVERSITY LIBRARIAN, NNAMDI AZIKIWE UNIVERSITY, AWKA

Protocol

Preamble

It is an honour to be invited to present the keynote address at this national conference of the Academic and Research Libraries Section (ARLS) of the NLA, on the Theme: Academic and Research Libraries in Digital Information Environment. I have been at both the theoretical and practicing sides of our profession of Library and Information Science. I started to practice as a Librarian at the Federal Polytechnic Oko. I later went into the Department of Library and Information Science as a Lecturer and I rose to the rank of a Chief Lecturer. I was made a HOD and Dean of the School of Information Technology at the Polytechnic. I later became the Polytechnic Librarian and I changed the status of the Librarians from Administrative to Academic Librarian. Librarians began to be assessed for promotion as their Lecturer counterparts. Without applying, I was invited and employed as a Senior Lecturer by the Nnamdi Azikiwe University, Awka. I helped the Department of Library and Information Science as the HOD to scale through her first ever full Accreditation in 2007 after many years of unsuccessful outing.

I rose to the rank of a Professor of Library and Information Science before answering a national call to be the Pioneer Academy/University Librarian of the Nigeria Police Academy, Wudil, Kano. I came back from the Police Academy to Nnamdi Azikiwe University to take up the appointment as the University Librarian. Thinking that I had contributed my full quota in the academic world, I decided to go fully into the service of God in the Church and just be supervising only few PhD students, while waiting for my retirement in the very near future, but I was wrong. The surprise and the unexpected appointment as Acting Vice-Chancellor came. The position of Vice Chancellor is the final cap an academic will wear in the University. I am an academic and a researcher to the core, therefore, I am one of you.

Introduction

Confucius was asked by one of his caucus campaign group member, if he won the election as the President of the country, what would he do first? He simply answered that he would first of all clarify terms. The confused disciples did not understand the answer. He was asked to throw more light into what he meant. He answered them, when terms are not clarified from the onset, there will be no vision and missions to be pursued and accomplished.

The key words/descriptors in the Theme of this year's national conference are academic and research Libraries; Digital Information Environment. Academics are given to research to generate new knowledge. Academic Library is a Library in higher education institution which supports teaching, learning, research and provides access to electronic resources. A digital environment is an integrated communications environment where digital devices communicate and manage the content (Information) and activities within it. This is based on digital electronic systems which are integrated and implemented for a global community.

No single known library in Nigeria has gone fully digital. Many libraries in Nigeria have tried to go full digital but none has actually been there. At best the libraries run hybrid libraries. They are, therefore,

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FACTORS INFLUENCING USE OF ACADEMIC SOCIAL MEDIA IN ENHANCING RESEARCH ACTIVITIES OF LIBRARY AND INFORMATON SCIENCE EDUCATORS IN NIGERIAN UNIVERSITIES

Rita O. Salami¹, Katamba A, Saka¹, Mohammed A. Bitagi¹ and Samuel J, Udoudoh¹

¹Federal University of Technology, Minna

Abstract

The study investigated factors influencing use of Academic Social Media (ASM) in enhancing research activities of Library and Information Science Educators (LISE) in Nigerian universities. Descriptive survey research design was used and the target population consists of 348 LISE in 37 University-Based Library Schools in Nigeria. A sample size of 258 LISE was drawn from the population using multistage sampling technique. Structured questionnaire with five-point Likert scale was designed in line with the research questions. A total of 258 copies of the questionnaire were administered on respondents (online) through their respective e-mails. Response rate showed that 190 copies of the questionnaire were retrieved. Percentage, frequency counts and mean score were used in the analysis of data. Results showed that Google scholar was the most utilised ASM and recommendations from colleagues was the most social influence factor that has influenced ASM use by LISE. In the findings of the study, it was revealed that respondents have not received adequate trainings on ASM use. The study concluded that the low level of training on academic social media use was because LISE educators have not utilise ASM platforms to search and participate in various training programmes opportunities available over the globe. The study recommended that the management of University-Based Library Schools in Nigeria should encourage LISE to patronise ASM platforms in enhancing their research activities by formulating ASM use policies in their respective institutions.

Keywords: Academic social media, Facilitating conditions, Library and Information Science Educators, Research activities and social influence

Introduction

The preoccupation of Library and Information Science, LIS, schools in Nigeria is to produce competer and knowledgeable manpower to manage the various public and private libraries and information centres in Nigeria and all over the world. Although, there has been significant growth in the number of library schools in Nigerian universities and polytechnics with increasing production of graduates but this has not positively translated to the growth of the profession. This was corroborated by Marchionini (2012) who confirmed this criticism asserting that LIS graduates fail to meet the immediate needs and requirements of current LIS work environment in the 21st Century.

To improve the training and developments of education in library schools in various universities Nigeria, Library and Information Science Educators, LISE, are expected to engage in vigorous research activities such as information gathering, collaboration, dissemination of research findings are measurement of research impact. This becomes necessary since the major preoccupation universities all over the world is research. For library and information science educators in Nigeria universities can only break new frontiers in the profession by engaging in quality researches. Despit the importance of research to the profession, Ononogho (2015) pointed out that most Laprofessionals in Nigeria do not effectively undertake research activities that are often well reflected address contemporary issues in the society and the profession.

In these ways, LIS issues and critical thinking are not prominent and noticeable. This may be as a res of utilisation of traditional methods in facilitating research activities such as gathering informati from print resources, finding potential collaborators from conferences attendance, and seminars, dissemination of research findings through traditional channels (journals and conference proceedings) and measuring research impacts majorly through citation counts. These methods are slow and inadequate especially in the 21st Century which evolves round the digital world. Hence, the need for LISE to incorporate digital Information Communication Technology when carrying out their research activities so as to improve the quality and quantity of their research using Academic Social Media (ASM).ASM offer similar services as that of social media. However, they are intentionally aimed to cater for the needs of the academic community especially in the area of researches. Academics, researchers and professionals mostly use ASM in communicating with friends, family and colleagues even though the technology has also been applied in enhancing research activities such as information gathering, collaboration, dissemination of research findings and measuring research impact. In the study conducted by Opesanwo and Mabawonku (2016) on the influence of social media on research productivity among faculty members in two selected universities in South West, Nigeria, it was observed that ASM platforms were underutilised by faculty members in the study area.

Several factors such as social influence (recommendation from colleagues, ASM publicity and obligation from institutions) and facilitating conditions (Knowledge on ASM use, access to fast Internet network and so on) can influence use of academic social media use. It is against this background that this study investigated factors influencing use of ASM in enhancing research activities of LISE in Nigerian universities.

Statement of the Problem

Library and Information Science Educators, LISE, in Nigeria conduct research for career progression in addition to contributing to the frontiers of knowledge and breaking new grounds. Evidence have shown that research activities of Library and Information Science Educators in Nigeria are low (Ikoji, 2018), even though research is largely an unexploited area which has the potential to help in the growth of the profession. These scenarios may be due to poor or non-utilisation of new technological tools and techniques such as the Academic Social Media, ASM, in enhancing their research activities. Hence, this study attempted to investigate the factors that influence the use of ASM in enhancing research activities of LISE in Nigerian universities.

Objectives of the Study

The study was guided by the following specific objectives:

- 1. To identify the types of Academic Social Media utilised by LISE in enhancing research activities in Nigerian universities;
- 2. To investigate the influence of social influence on use of ASM in enhancing research activities of LIS educators in Nigerian universities; and
- 3. To determine the influence of facilitating conditions on use of ASM in enhancing research activities of LIS educators in Nigerian universities.

Research Questions

The following research questions guide the conduct of study:

- 1. What types of academic social media are utilised in enhancing research activities of LISE in Nigerian universities?
- 2. What is the influence of social influence on use of ASM in enhancing research activities of LISE in Nigerian universities?
- 3. What is the influence of facilitating conditions on use of ASM in enhancing research activities of LISE educators in Nigerian universities?

Literature Review

In order to determine the factors that influence the use of Academic Social Media, few re were carried out by various authors. Opesanwo and Mabawonku (2016) conducted a stud influence of social media on research productivity among faculty members in two selected un in South West, Nigeria. It was observed that Academic Social Media platforms were underuti result of facilitating conditions such as technical and personal issues. Li and Gillet (2011) also on the use of social media in the research workflow of 2414 researchers all over the world. findings of the study, it was observed that age is a poor predictor of social media use in Meler and Dick (2018) investigated the extent to which social influence, effort expect performance expectation influence the use of Research Gate among 695 scientists from the disciplines: biology, physics medicine, and neuroscience. The results also show that pe expectation and social influence have a significant influence on the use of the Research respondents.

In the same vein, Onuoha et al (2021) determined the use of social media as a collaborat research among library and information science professionals in Nigeria. The findings re facilitating conditions such as lack of knowledge on social media use, low level of ICT s respondents hinder effective use of social media in enhancing research collaborativ Florante and Jamias (2013) used a survey research design to determine the use of social r University of Philippines, Los Barnes. The findings showed that the researcher's connectivity, research style have a significant relationship with social media use. Al-Auf (2014) adopted a descriptive survey research design to examine the use of social network informal scholarly communication in humanities and social sciences disciplines at Su University, Oman. Respondents reported that the major challenges associated with the networking tools for informal scholarly communication were concerns about lack of end by their institutions, security, digital literacy, lack of trainings.

Research Methodology

The study adopted descriptive survey research design. The design was considered approstudy for it enabled the researchers to use a sample to represent the entire population population of the study consists of 348 educators in 37 university based library school Multi stage sampling technique was used to select 258 Library and Information Scien from 28 federal, state and private universities offering library and information science in population and sample size is shown in the table below.

Questionnaire was the instrument used for data collection. The researchers administer of the questionnaire to the respondents through their emails using Google form. The was pilot-tested using a sample of 43 LISE drawn from Federal University of Techn Babcock University, Illisan Remo and Ambrose Alli University, Ekpoma. 30 copies of the were returned and correctly filled. The scores obtained from the pilot test of the ins subjected to reliability analysis using Crobach Alpha and had the following alpha scores used by LISE in enhancing research activities =0.708, influence of social influence on enhancing research activities of LISE =0.742 and influence of facilitating conditions on enhancing research activities of LISE =0.611 Data were analysed using frequency count and mean.

Ponti	ation	and	Sample	Size
Popul	ation	and	Sample	SIZ

Population ar eo- Political		Total Number LIS Educators	of Sample
ones		7	7
orth Central	Benue State University, Makurdi	6	6
iorth Central	Federal University, Lafia, Nassarawa State	21	
orth Central	Federal University of Technology, Minna,	2	2
orth Central	University of Abuja, Gwagwalada, Abuja	13	13
Iorh Central	University of Ilorin, Ilorin,	8	8
lorth East	Abubakar Tafawa Balewa University, Bauchi		10
North East	Modibbo Adamawa University of Technology, Yola, Adamawa State	10	
North East	University of Maiduguri, Maiduguri Borno State	19	19
North West	Ahmadu Bello University, Zaria, Kaduna State	21	21
North West	Devera University Kano Kano State	8	8
North West	Kobbi State University of Science and Technology, Allero	12	12
North West	Umaru Musa Yaradua University, Katsina, Katsina State	3	
North Wrest	Yusuf MaitamaSule University, Kano, Kano State	12	12
South East	ALC State University Litury	3	0.
South East	ChukwumemekaOdumeigu University, Igbariam, Anambra State		3
South East	51 State University Abakaliki	3	4
South East	Enugu State University of Science and Technology, Enugu	4	8.50
	Imo State University, Owerri	9	2
South East	Anambra State	Fi	10
South East	Michael Oknara University of Agriculture, Umudike, Abia State	10	10
South East	NnamdiAzikiwe University, Awka, Anambra State	11	16
South East	University of Nigeria Nsukka, Enugu State	16	10
South East	Ambrose Alli University, Ekpoma, Edo State	10	1
South South	Benson Idahosa University, Benin City	1	13
South South	Abraka	13	5
South South	Delta State University, Abraka Ignatius Ajuru University of Education, Rumuolumeni, Portharcou	rt, 5	5
South South			8
	Rivers State Niger Delta University, Wilberforce Island, Yenogua, Bayelsa State	8	0
South South	Rivers State University, Port Harcourt		
South South	rein Edo State	6	6
South South	Calabar Cross River State	28	28
South South	to Historical Bort Harcourt, Rivers State	7	7
South South	Alwalhom State	7	7
South South		7	7
South West	- II-live estat OVO STATE	3	3
South West	AjayiCrowther University, Oyo State	13	104.1
South West	Babcock University, Illisan Remo, Ogun State	4	4
South West	Tai Solarin University of Education, Ijagun, Ogun State	16	16
South West	University of Ibadan, Ibadan, Oyo State	348	258
Total 37	of National Association of Library and Information Science	Educators M	embers and

rce: Directory of National Association of Library and Information Science Educators Members and Lis ary and Information Science Schools in Nigeria (2020).

cussion of Findings

e questionnaire was distributed among 258 respondents. However, 190 copies of the questionnaire re received and correctly filled.

ble 2: Types of Academic Social Media Utilised by LISE in Enhancing Research Activities

2: Types of Academic Social Media Othised by List in Elling	Frequency	Percentages (%)	
Statement	144	76	
Google scholar	140	74	
Research gate	121	64	
Academia.edu	110	58	
Linkedin	66	35	
Open Researcher and Contributor Identifier (Okcib)	59	31	
Mendeley	21	11	
Impact story			
	Google scholar Research gate Academia.edu LinkedIn Open Researcher and Contributor Identifier (ORCID) Mendeley	Statement 144 Google scholar 140 Research gate 121 Academia.edu 110 LinkedIn 0pen Researcher and Contributor Identifier (ORCID) 66 Mendeley 21	

			18	9	
8	Method space				
		322 274	1.4	M Iciaco Cacial M	phia

Table 2 revealed that Google Scholar 144 (76.6%) was the most used Academic Social Media plants by respondents. This may be because it is more familiar to the respondents and a user does no to register to have access to their information resources. It is also relatively simple, faster, and use. It was also observed from the findings that Method Space 18(9%) was the least most u academic social media platform. The low use of Method space by the majority of the responden be attributed to lack of awareness of the platform and the services it provides The findings disagreement with the findings of Collins et al. (2016) who in their studies found out that Linked the most widely used platform by scientists in the United State of America, the United Kingdor Zealand, Australia, and Canada.

Table 3: Influence of Social Influence on Use of ASM in Enhancing Research Activities of LIS Educators

S/N	3: Influence of Social Influence on Use of A Statement	Strongly Agree	Agree	Undecided	Disagree	Disagree	
	My colleagues recommended academic		83	22	20	5	
2	social media utilisation I utilise academic social media because		76	22	19	20	
3	most of my colleagues also use it I became aware of academic social media through a conference/seminar/workshop/	36	91	20	24	19	
4	webinar lattended I received a promotional email from ar		72	24	39	20	
5	academic social media platform I am obliged by my institution to utilise academic social media platforms		14	11	107	51	_

The social influence factors as revealed from Table 3 shows that colleagues recommended th ASM (3.91) to majority of the respondents. Colleagues may have recommended ASM use in increase the number of researchers in their network. Although, Academic Social Media platfor the potential for massive reach, it still depends on whom a researcher connects or engage was also deduced from the findings that respondents were not obliged by their institutions ASM (2.05). Nigerian universities may not have obliged respondents to utilise ASM platfo result of lack of relevant usage policies. These findings are in agreement with that of Meler (2018) who reported that performance expectations and social influence have a significant on use of Research Gate by scientists.

Table 4: Influence of Facilitating Conditions on Use of ASM in Enhancing Research Activities of LISE

S/N	4: Influence of Facilitating Conditions on Use o Statement	Strongly Agree	Agree	Undecided	Disagree	Disagre
			86	18	6	4
1	I have electronic device (Android phone, Tablet					
	and a computer	86	57	17	21	9
2	I have the necessary knowledge to use	00				
	Academic social media tools	C2	63	18	36	20
3	I have no health issues such as poor sight and	33	03			
	backache	38	45	29	55	23
4	I have access to fast internet network	1	35	26	68	30
5	The privacy and security of one's work is/ are	31	33	20		
377.0	protected in academic social media/		22	29	71	35
6	I have regular access to internet data	22	33	25	91	55
7	I have institutional support to utilise academic	: 8	11	25	31	
,	social media		-	27	98	54
8	I have the time to constantly utilise academic	c 4	7	27	30	34
0	social media				01	65
9	I have received adequate trainings on how to	5	7	32	81	05
9	use academic social media					

The results in Table 4 shows that majority of the respondents (mean=4.18) have electro such as android phones, tablets and computers. Respondents may have these devices b devices can be used for both work (research, teaching and learning) and personal life (com source of information and entertainment). It is worthy to note that LISE have these devices because users can only have access to various Academic Social Media through Internet technology which can only be accessed through electronic devices. The data in Table 4 also revealed that most respondents indicated that they have not received adequate trainings on how to use Academic Social Media (mean=1.98). This could be because most respondents are not aware of training opportunities in Academic Social Media use. Lack of adequate trainings on their uses may lead to limited use by LISE in enhancing their research activities. These findings are in disagreement with the findings of Onuoha *et al.* (2021) who reported that lack of knowledge was the factor hindering effective use of social media in enhancing research collaborative activities.

Conclusion

ASM have emerged as an important platform for LISE to enhance their research activities. The current study provided an insight on the types of ASM utilised by LISE, the influence of social influence on use of ASM and the influence of facilitating conditions on use of ASM. Findings of the study revealed that Google scholar was the most utilised ASM by respondents and Method space was the least most utilised ASM platform. The respondents also indicated that the use of social media has been influenced by the recommendation of ASM by their colleagues. The respondents also indicated that they are not obliged by their institutions to utilise ASM. The results also reveal that they have electronic devices to utilise ASM but have not received adequate trainings on how to effectively use ASM in enhancing their research activities.

Recommendations

In considerations of the findings of this study the researchers recommend that:

- LISE should ensure they create multiple profiles in various Academic Social Media platforms and utilise them in order to have access to the various research enhancing services they provide;
- 2. University administrators should formulate Academic Social Media use in order to promote and encourage its use in enhancing research activities of LISE in Nigerian universities; and
- 3. LISE educators should utilise ASM to find and attend various training programmes available in the globe on ASM use.

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